

ROOTED IN MATH

Jupiter is 5x as far from the sun as Earth and more than 1,000x the size of Earth.

TAKE A CLOSER LOOK AT THE WAY WE STUDY THE ENVIRONMENT AND HOW WE INTERACT WITH IT. YOU MIGHT BE SURPRISED TO FIND OUT HOW MUCH OF WHAT WE KNOW IS ROOTED IN MATH.



MATH + ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

Scientists from the National Weather Service use formulas to calculate the strength of solar ultraviolet radiation (UV), taking into account multiple factors:

- **1** LATITUDE: Latitudes closer to the equator have more UV exposure
- 2 TIME OF YEAR: UV levels are highest in summer months when the sun is at its highest arc in the sky
- 3 TIME OF DAY: UV levels are highest around noon when the sun is highest
- 4 CLOUD COVER: UV levels are highest when cloud cover is lowest
- **ELEVATION:** UV levels increase at higher elevations due to less (5) atmospheric absorption

CALCULATING SOLAR UV RADIATION

Air temperatures in urban areas can be as high as 22°F warmer than surrounding areas due to

● LATITUDE + ② TIME OF YEAR + ③ TIME OF DAY







4 CLOUD COVER **+ 5** ELEVATION

DENALI **Elevation** 20,310 ft (highest point in the US)

73%



FINDING MATEMATICAL CONCEPTS IN NATURAL FORMS

the Fibonacci sequence

QUICK CALCULATIONS

Did you know that a standard showerhead uses 2.5 gallons of water per minute? Next time you take a shower, time the number of minutes you let the water run.

You can calculate

emissions by common household electronics.

For a lightbulb, use

pounds of CO₂

this equation:

seashell. These examples and more

all follow the Fibonacci sequence.



2.5 gallons

wattage of

a lightbulb



of minutes

1,000

to calculate kilowatts



365 days

Gallons of water your showers use in a year

COMPARE: Repeat these calculations, shortening the usage time of each resource, to see how much you could save!



1.33lbs

CO₂/kWh

the national

average for utility CO₂ conversion



Learn more at NEEFusa.org National Aeronautics and Space Administration; US Environmental Protection Agency; National Park Service; National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration; Discovery Education

